ACCELERATING LONGLEAF RESTORATION

Collaborative Forest Landscape Restoration Program (CFLRP)

U.S.D.A. Forest Service National Forests in Florida

Ivan Green
District Ranger
Osceola National Forest





Background: Purpose of CFLR

- From Title IV of the Omnibus Act: "The purpose of this title is to encourage the collaborative, science-based ecosystem restoration of priority forest landscapes through a process that
 - encourages ecological, economic, and social sustainability;
 - leverages local resources with national and private resources;
- Requirements include:
 - A 10 year restoration strategy that is complete or substantially complete that identifies and prioritizes ecological restoration treatments across a 50,000 acre or larger landscape on primarily National Forest System lands
 - Must be developed and implemented through a collaborative process
 - Incorporates best available science and application tools
 - demonstrates the degree to which--
 - Various ecological restoration techniques--
 - achieve ecological and watershed health objectives; and
 - affect wildfire activity and management costs; and
 - the use of forest restoration byproducts can offset treatment costs while benefitting local rural economies and improving forest health."

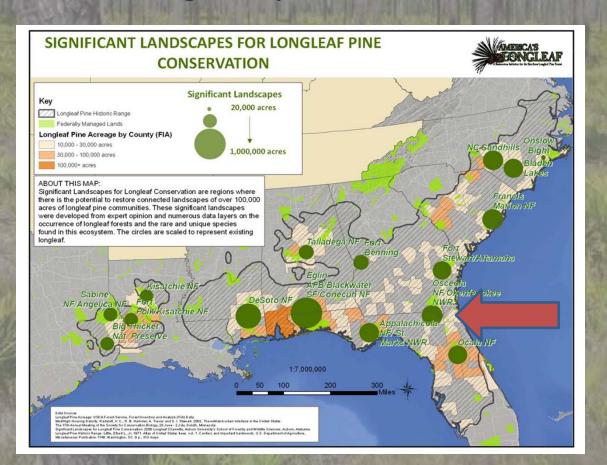






Why The Osceola National Forest

 The Forest is located within one of the significant longleaf pine conservation areas





The Longleaf Ecosystem Connects Many Focus Areas



- T&E and Sensitive Species Habitat
- Climate Change mitigation
- Woody biomass developments
- Watershed health
- Economic viability

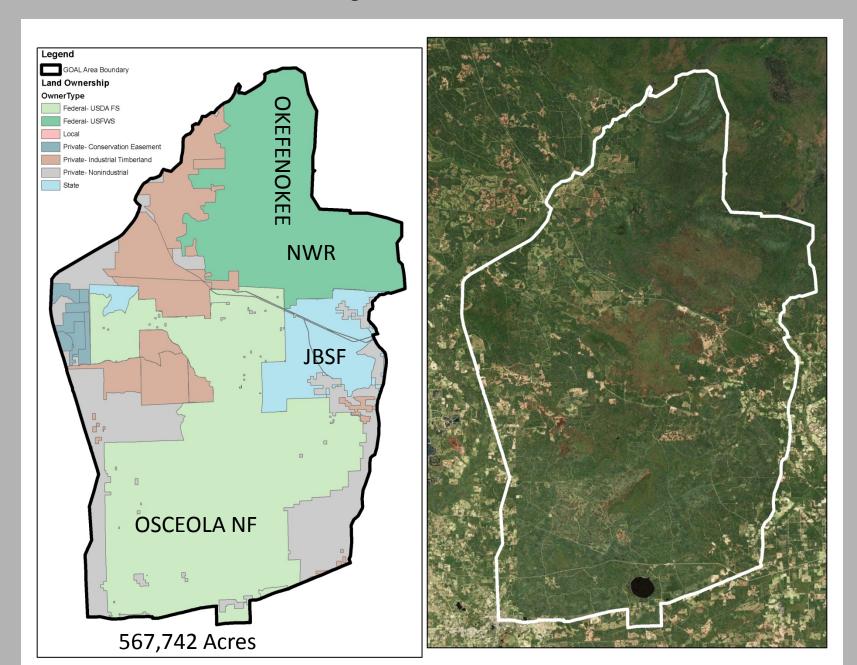








Project Area



Planning and Prioritization

How do we assess current conditions and prioritize treatments?







Planning and Prioritization

 The forest developed an Ecological Condition Model (ECM) to assess current conditions relative to desired conditions using prioritization models for fire, timber harvest, and mechanical fuel reduction

Benefits of the ECM

Maximize integration of program areas and dollars

Prioritize treatment areas and activities

Balance restoration with maintenance

Increase management efficiencies

CFLRP Implementation Activities



Implementation Activities

- Removal of off-site pine and restore to longleaf
- Understory restoration via palmetto reduction
- Release and weeding of young longleaf
- Fuel Reduction
 - Thinning
 - Mastication
 - Rx Fire







- 1. Double the annual prescribed fire acreage to 50,000 acres
- 2. Mechanically reduce fuel loads on 10,000 acres
- 3. Increase timber harvest from thinning less than 2,000 acres a year to 5,000 acres a year for the next 10 years
- 4. Restore ground cover by light roller chopping 21,000 acres followed by application of prescribed fire
- 5. Restore hydrology by correcting known problems on 309 miles of roads and 90 miles of old fire lines
- 6. Assistance for state and private land cooperators to conduct restoration treatments



Thinning



Palmetto Chopping





Palmetto Chopping





Palmetto Chopping Pre- and Post-Treatment







Prescribed Fire



Mulching









Mulching Pre- and Post-Treatment



Row Mowing Pre- and Post-Treatment





Clearcut and Reforestation



Reforestation





Reforestation



Timber Stand Improvement Pre- and Post-Treatment





Wildlife Habitat Enhancement





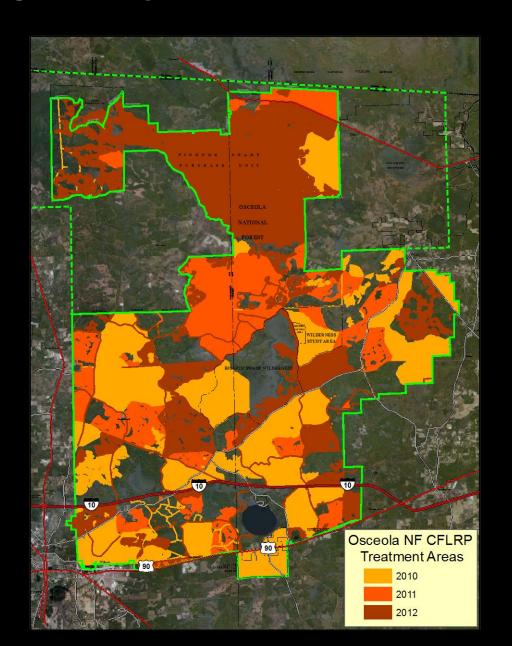


CFLR Program Accomplishments on the Osceola National Forest (2010-2012)

- 100,964 acres of fuels reduction (29,183 WUI)
- 56,006 acres of wildlife habitat improvement
- 3,382 acres of groundcover restoration
- 79,704 cubic feet of timber sold
- 8,852 acres of forest lands treated through timber sales
- 6,741 acres converted from slash pine to longleaf



2010-2012 CFLRP TREATMENTS



Collaborative Monitoring: The Ecological Effect







Responsive Management™









Responsive Management



ECONOMIC IMPACT ANALYSIS OF THE COLLABORATIVE FOREST LANDSCAPE RESTORATION PROGRAM

Conducted for the Collaborative Forest Landscape Restoration Program

by Southwick Associates and Responsive Management

Impacts/Contributions				
Cost (CFLR dollars spent, 2010-2012)	\$6,722,204			
Economic Output Generated (Sales)	\$16,655,673			
Employment	137			
Salaries and Wages	\$7,257,131			
Contribution to GDP	\$10,316,009			
State & Local Tax Revenues	\$1,078,392			
Federal Tax Revenues	\$1,222,430			

Summary:

For every \$1 invested in this program, \$0.20 is returned to the federal government in tax revenues, \$1.50 in GDP is created, and \$2.40 in total economic activity is generated.

Collaboration





Collaborative Efforts



Collaboration

Okefenokee/Osceola LLP Implementation Team

Collaboration

Okefenokee/Osceola LLP Implementation Team



Easygrants ID: 36659 National Fish and Wildlife Foundation – Longleaf Stewardship Fund 2013, Full Proposal (No Framework)

Title: Okefenokee/Osceola Implementation Team Creation and Outreach

Organization: The Conservation Fund

Grant Request Information

Title of Project

Okefenokee/Osceola Implementation Team Creation and Outreach

Total Amount Requested \$ 349,648.00 Matching Contributions Proposed \$ 1,552,778.00

Proposed Grant Period 07/01/2013 - 06/30/2015

Project Description

Create an Implementation Team to organize and drive the public/private multi-state longleaf establishment and understory management on public and private lands in the Okefenokee/Osceola SGA

Project Abstract

The Conservation Fund, on behalf of a collaborative of more than 15 groups comprised of federal and state agencies along with the private conservation community and private landowners, respectfully submits this Longleaf Stewardship Fund Place-based Demonstration Project Grant request. The partners have determined their overarching goal is to increase the capacity for longleaf pine restoration and prescribed fire implementation on public and private lands in the SGA. To achieve this, it is critical that the partners work together to formalize and staff the Osceola/Okefenokee Longleaf Implementation Team (O2LIT). This grant will support the creation of an Implementation Team Coordinator position, which will help organize the O2LIT and spearhead the efforts to work collaboratively, with both the public and private sectors, in a results-oriented approach to get longleaf in the ground and increase the acres and frequency of prescribed burning to create a fire resilient buffer around the publicly owned lands. The grant will also fund a Hazard Fuel Team to greatly increase capacity for prescribed burning within the SGA. As a result, this grant will support longleaf pine planting on 2,993 acres and 34,120 additional acres of longleaf will be enhanced or maintained. In a demonstration capacity, the O2LIT will also work with private industrial landowners to determine the barriers and possible solutions to increased longleaf planting and prescribed fire on their lands.

Fire Risk/Cost Reduction





Collaboration Fire Risk/Cost Reduction

USDA, Forest Service Collaborative Forest Landscape Restoration Program

Wildland Fire Management Risk and Cost Analysis Tools Package (R-CAT):

User's Guide1



January 19, 2010



Mike Housh

STARFire

Okefenokee/GOAL *Preliminary* Results & Briefing May 2012











^{*} For assistance with R-CAT and this User's Guide, please contact Keits Bockmann, Economist, USDA Forest Bewice, Insociamen@fit-fed-us, or Krims Gebeg, Regional Economist, USDA Forest Bewice, Spather@fit-fed-us



Results



Results













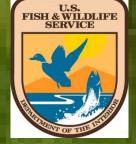




























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